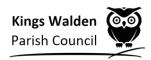


## **CCTV POLICY**

**Adopted: January 2022** 

**Review Date: January 2025** 



#### 1. Introduction

- Kings Walden Parish Council (the Council / KWPC) uses closed circuit television (CCTV) images to deter and reduce crime and antisocial activity in order to provide a safe and secure environment for members of the public, and to prevent the loss or damage to property.
- The CCTV Scheme is registered with the Information Commissioner under the terms of the Data Protection Act 1998. The use of CCTV and the associated images is governed by the Data Protection Act 1998. This policy outlines KWPC's use of CCTV and how it complies with the Act.

#### 2. Statement of Intent

- KWPC complies with Information Commissioner's Office (ICO) CCTV Code
  of Practice to ensure it is used responsibly, and safeguards both trust and
  confidence in its continued use. The Code of Practice is published on the
  ICO website.
- In areas where CCTV is used, the Council will ensure that there are prominent signs placed within the controlled area.
- It is not possible to guarantee that the system will cover or detect every single incident taking place in the areas of coverage.

#### 3. Description of the CCTV System

- The system consists of a number of fixed high-definition cameras and a multichannel control unit complete with built in USB drive.
- Some off the cameras have sound recording capability.
- The CCTV system is owned and operated by the KWPC and is controlled by them.
- The CCTV is monitored by the clerk and KWPC councillors.
- All authorised operators with access to images are aware of the procedures
  that need to be followed when accessing the recorded images. All operators
  are aware of the restrictions in relation to access to, and disclosure of,
  recorded images.



## 4. Siting the Cameras

- KWPC has carried out a privacy impact assessment (PIA).
- Cameras will be sited so they only capture images relevant to the purposes for which they are intended.
- The Council will ensure that the location of equipment is carefully considered to ensure that images captured comply with the Data Protection Act.
- Cameras will be mounted in such a way as to avoid pointing directly at occupied properties, and care will be taken to ensure that reasonable privacy expectations are not violated.

#### 5. Normal Operation

- Other than for routine testing purposes, real-time CCTV images will not be monitored.
- CCTV images will be automatically recorded on a secure, passwordprotected control unit, and shall be automatically deleted after a defined period not normally exceeding 30 days.
- Recorded CCTV images will normally be accessed by authorised personnel only in the event of a qualifying incident, or during routine system testing.

#### 6. Storage and Retention of CCTV images

Recorded data will be retained for no longer than is necessary. While retained, the integrity of the recordings will be maintained to ensure their evidential value and to protect the rights of the people whose images have been recorded. All retained data will be stored securely.

# 7. Applications to Review CCTV images and Disclosure of Images to Third Parties

- Individuals may apply for CCTV footage to be reviewed when a crime or incident has occurred, and there is a reasonable likelihood that the event or evidence has been captured by the CCTV system.
- Individuals submitting applications for a review of CCTV recordings will be required to provide sufficient information to enable the request to be considered and for the relevant footage to be located. This will include the date, time, location, and nature of the incident.

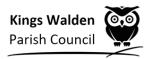
## **CCTV POLICY 2022**



- An authorised person will then determine whether the incident warrants examination of the recording and whether there is a reasonable likelihood that the event or evidence has been captured by the CCTV system.
- KWPC reserves the right to refuse to examine CCTV footage for minor or trivial events, or where dates and times cannot be provided, or if the likelihood of the event being captured by the CCTV system is low.
- Access to recorded images will be restricted to those personnel authorised to view them, and will not be made more widely available.
- There will be no disclosure of recorded data to third parties other than to enforcement authorities such as the Police, and statutory organisations where these would reasonably and lawfully need access to the data.
- Applications should be made in writing to the Parish Clerk at <a href="mailto:clerk@kwpc.org.uk">clerk@kwpc.org.uk</a>. There may be a charge, which may be waived in the event that images of the crime or incident are captured by the CCTV system.
- Footage is saved on the CCTV system for 30 days, after that time any recorded images are lost. Requests will therefore need to be made within the 30 days.

## 8. Subject Access Requests (SAR)

- Individuals have the right to request access to CCTV footage relating to themselves under the Data Protection Act.
- All requests should made in writing to the Parish Clerk at clerk@kwpc.org.uk.
- Individuals submitting requests for access will be required to provide sufficient information to enable the relevant footage to be identified. For example, the date, time, location, and description of the applicant. A recent photograph may also be required to aid identification.
- Individuals submitting requests for access will be required to provide proof of identity.
- A fee of £10 will be charged per request.
- The Council will endeavour to respond to requests within 28 calendar days
  of receiving the written request and fee, but in any event no later than 40
  days.
- KWPC may be unable to provide copies of images where this may prejudice the legal rights of other individuals during a Police investigation.



## 9. Complaints

Complaints and enquiries about the operation of CCTV within the Council should be directed to the Parish Clerk in the first instance.

#### 10. Further Information

Further information on CCTV and its use is available from the following:

- CCTV Code of Practice (published by the Information Commissioners Office)
- Surveillance Camera Code of Practice (published by the Surveillance Camera Commissioner)
- Data Protection Act 1998
- Protection of Freedoms Act 2012
- Human Rights Act 1998